

Investing for retirement



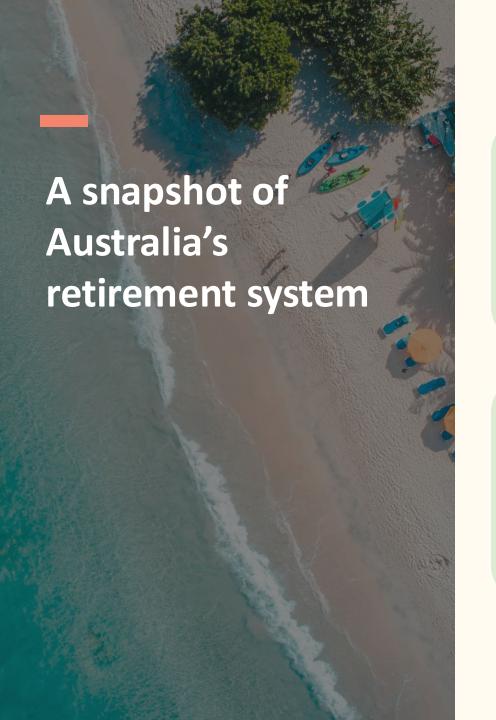
How much do you need to retire?



Different ways to hold your retirement wealth



Income in retirement



\$4.1 trillion

at 31 March 2025

70%

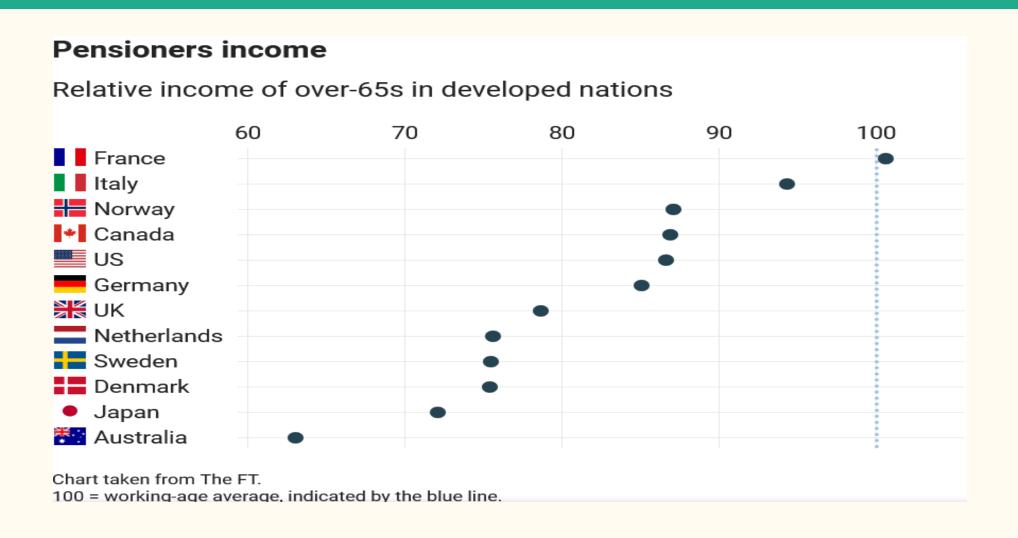
held in large super funds

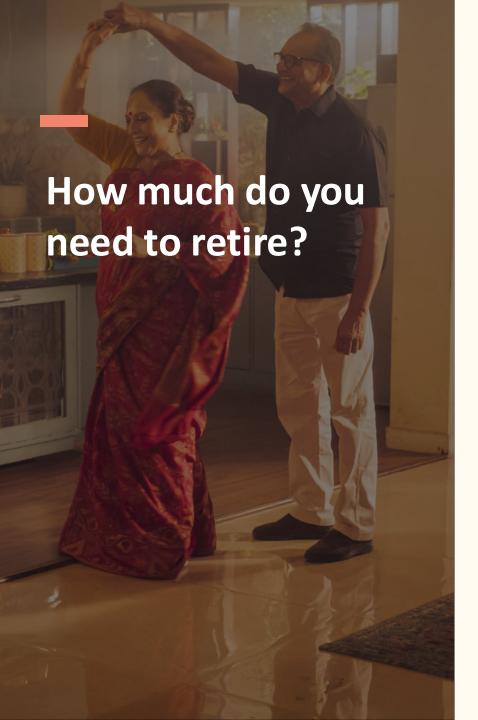
30%

held in Self-Managed Super Funds (SMSFs) 5th

largest savings pool globally

State pension in Australia is low





What age do you want to retire at?

How much will you spend in retirement?

- How long will you live?
- How much will you earn on your savings?

Where should you keep your retirement savings?



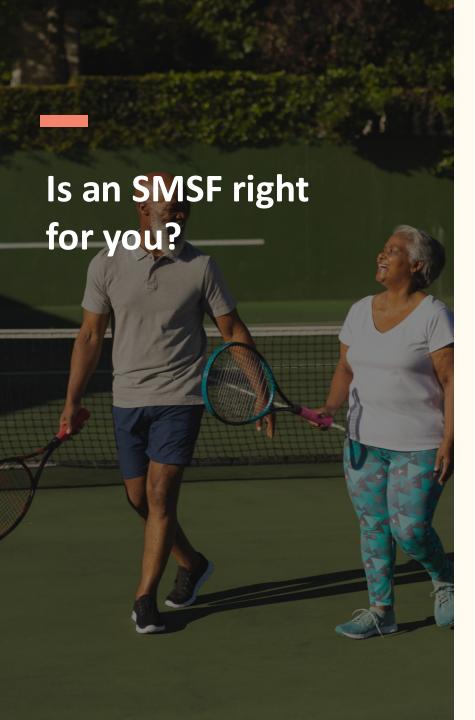
In a super fund



In an SMSF



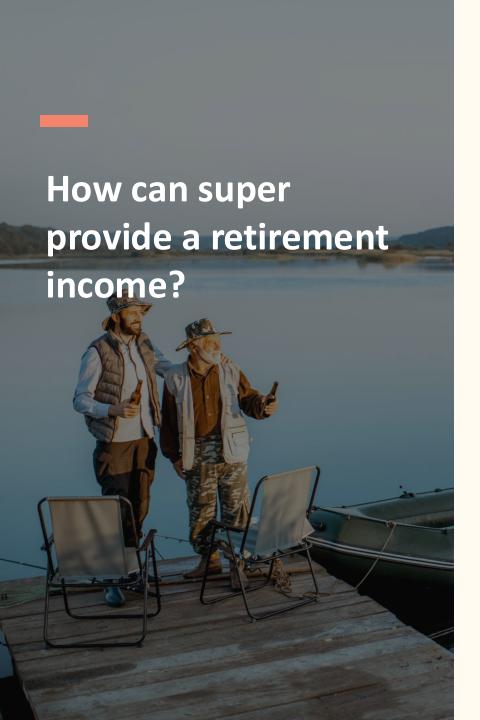
Outside of super



 You need at least \$250,000 to make it cost efficient

 An SMSF gives you more control over your investments and flexibility in estate planning

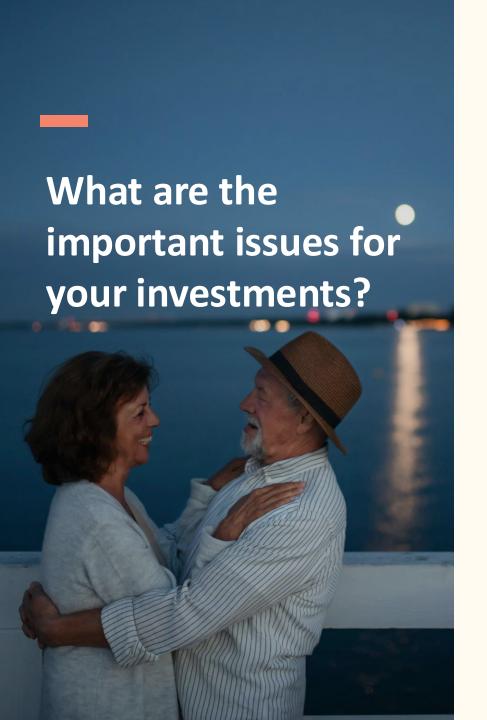
There are extra costs to run an SMSF, plus your time



 In a transition to retirement account (if over 60)

 From an allocated pension providing tax free income

Buying an annuity in your super account

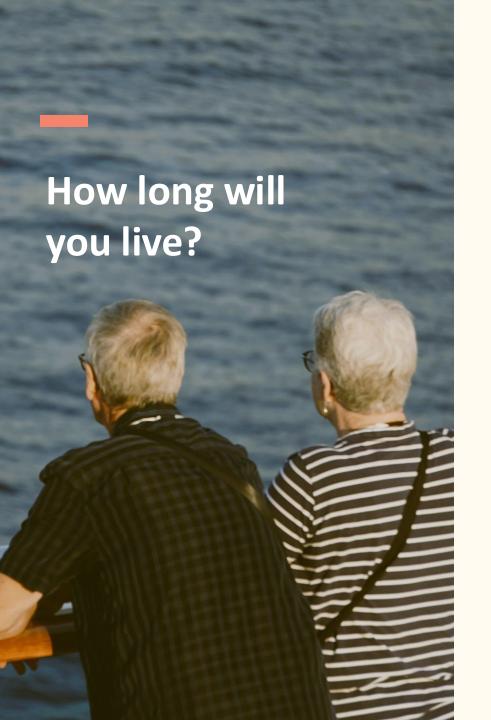


 How long will you need the money to last -FORO?

How much can you earn on your investments?

 What effect will inflation have on your spending power?

 How could your retirement change with market movements?



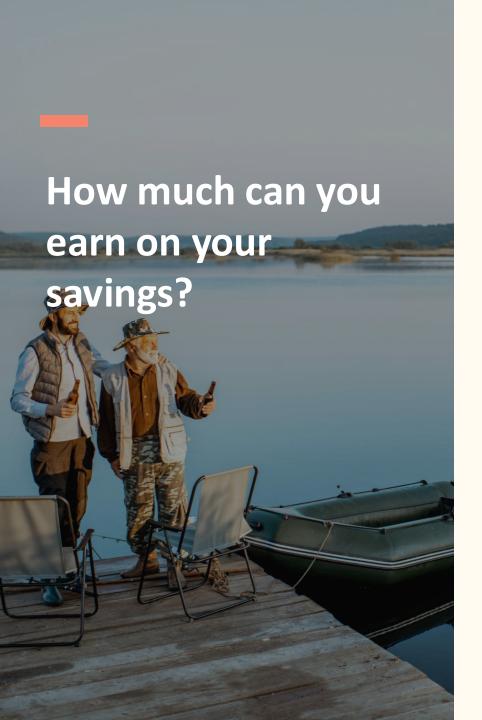
An Australian born today will live to an average age of

- 81.1 years for a man
- 85.1 years for a woman

An Australian at age 65 will live on average until

- 85.3 years for a man
- 87.9 years for a woman

50% will live longer!



• Depends on what you invest in!

 Based on US research, 60% of your retirement drawdowns should come from investment returns

 Assuming you will live for 30 years, you will need to invest in growth assets



Inflation is a fact of life

 Inflation has been higher than the average for health services and insurance

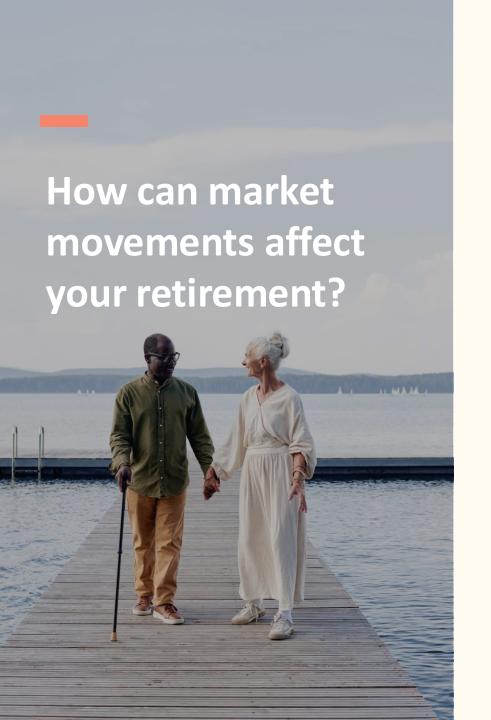
 You need to invest some money in growth assets to maintain spending power

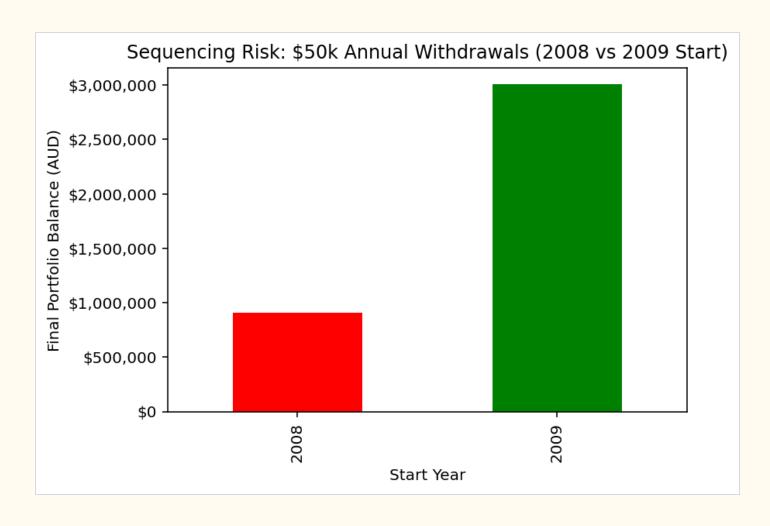


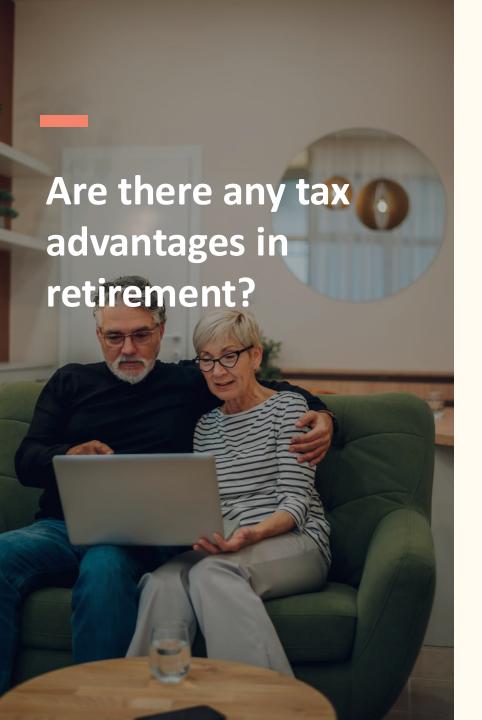
Market timing is important in retirement

 Negative returns prior to retirement can be hard to recoup

 Market timing is very difficult – so allocate more to defensive assets and match your spending to your retirement income





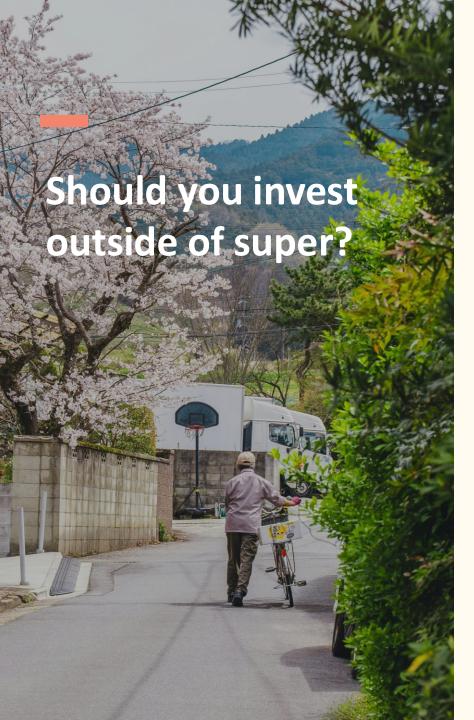


Annuities purchased with super money after 60 have tax-free income

 Earnings on assets in pension phase are tax-free (with a cap of \$2 million in assets)

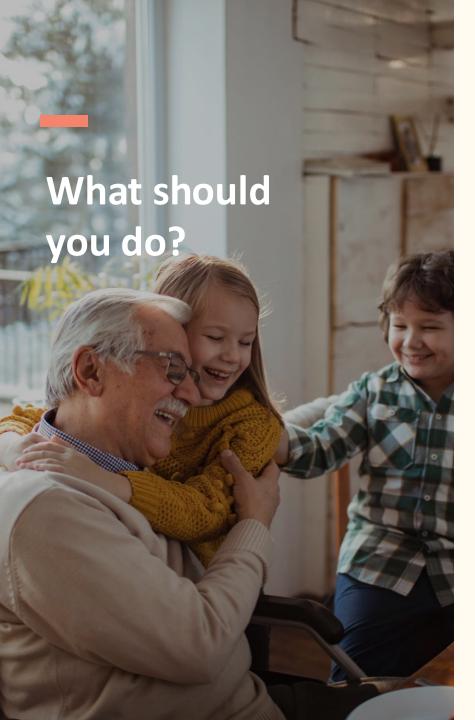
 Earnings in accumulation phase are only tax at a maximum of 15%

 Div 296 tax (15% extra on balances above \$3 mill per person) will affect very few



- Investments in super have some great tax advantages, though not negative gearing
- There can be restrictions on accessing lump sums from super

 There are some benefits in estate planning with assets outside of super



Diversify your investments

 You will need some growth assets to beat inflation over the long term

Watch your fees and costs carefully

• Set up a debt facility before you retire

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Thank you

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